KENANGA ASNITABOND FUND

ANNUAL REPORT

For the Financial Year Ended 28 February 2025



Kenanga Investors Berhad Company No. 199501024358 (353563-P)

KENANGA ASNITABOND FUND

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CORPORATE DIRECTORY

Manager: Kenanga Investors Berhad Company No. 199501024358 (353563-P)

Registered Office

Level 17, Kenanga Tower 237, Jalan Tun Razak 50400 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.

Tel: 03-2172 2888 Fax: 03-2172 2999

Board of Directors

Choy Khai Choon, Steven (Chairman, Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)
Norazian Ahmad Tajuddin (Independent Non-Executive Director)

Luk Wai Hong, William (Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)

Norazilla Binti Md Tahir (Independent Non-Executive Director)

Datuk Wira Ismitz Matthew De Alwis
(Chief Executive Officer, Executive
Director)

Business Office

Level 14, Kenanga Tower 237, Jalan Tun Razak 50400 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.

Tel: 03-2172 3000 Fax: 03-2172 3080

E-mail: investorservices@kenanga.com.my Website: www.kenangainvestors.com.my

Investment Committee

Norazian Ahmad Tajuddin (Independent Member)

Norazilla Binti Md Tahir (Independent Member)

Luk Wai Hong, William (Non-Independent Member)

Datuk Wira Ismitz Matthew De Alwis (Non-Independent Member)

Company Secretary: Norliza Abd Samad (MAICSA 7011089)

Level 17, Kenanga Tower, 237, Jalan Tun Razak, 50400 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.

Trustee: CIMB Islamic Trustee Berhad Company No. 198801000556 (167913-M)

Registered Office

Level 13, Menara CIMB Jalan Stesen Sentral 2 Kuala Lumpur Sentral 50470 Kuala Lumpur. Tel: 03-2261 8888 Fax: 03-2261 0099 Website: www.cimb.com

Business Office

Level 21, Menara CIMB Jalan Stesen Sentral 2 Kuala Lumpur Sentral 50470 Kuala Lumpur Tel: 03-2261 8888 Fax: 03-2261 9894

Shariah Adviser: BIMB Securities Sdn Bhd Company No. 199401004484 (290163-X)

Registered Office

32nd Floor, Menara Bank Islam No. 22 Jalan Perak 50450 Kuala Lumpur.

Business Office

Level 34, Menara Bank Islam No. 22, Jalan Perak 50450 Kuala Lumpur. Tel: 03-2613 1600

Fax: 03-2613 1799

Auditor: Ernst & Young PLT Company No. 202006000003 (LLP0022760-LCA) & AF 0039

Level 23A, Menara Milenium, Jalan Damanlela, Pusat Bandar Damansara, 50490 Kuala Lumpur.

Tel: 03-7495 8000 Fax: 03-2095 5332

Tax Adviser: PricewaterhouseCoopers Taxation Services Sdn Bhd

Company No. 199801008604 (464731-M)

Level 15, 1 Sentral, Jalan Rakyat, Kuala Lumpur Sentral, 50706 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.

Tel: 03-2173 1188 Fax: 03-2173 1288

Membership: Federation of Investment Managers Malaysia (FIMM)

19-06-1, 6th Floor, Wisma Capital A, 19 Lorong Dungun, Damanasara Heights, 50490 Kuala Lumpur.

Tel: 03-7890 4242 Website: www.fimm.com.my

DIRECTORY OF MANAGER'S OFFICES

Regional Branch Offices:

Kuala Lumpur

Ground Floor, Kenanga Tower 237, Jalan Tun Razak 50400 Kuala Lumpur Tel: 03-2172 3123

Tel: 03-2172 3123 Fax: 03-2172 3133

Melaka

No. 43, Jalan KSB 11 Taman Kota Syahbandar 75200 Melaka

Tel: 06-240 2310 Fax: 06-240 2287

Klang

No. 12, Jalan Batai Laut 3 Taman Intan 41300 Klang, Selangor

Tel: 03-3341 8818 / 03-3348 7889

Fax: 03-3341 8816

Penang

5.04, 5th Floor Menara Boustead Penang No. 39, Jalan Sultan Ahmad Shah

10050 Penang Tel: 04-210 6628 Fax: 04-210 6644

Miri

Lot 507 & Lot 508, Ground Floor Jalan Permaisuri 98000 Miri, Sarawak Tel: 085-416 866

Fax: 085-322 340

Seremban

2nd Floor, No. 1D-2 Jalan Tuanku Munawir 70000 Seremban Negeri Sembilan Tel: 06-761 5678

Fax: 06-761 2242

Johor Bahru

No. 63 Jalan Molek 3/1, Taman Molek 81100 Johor Bahru, Johor Tel: 07-288 1683

Fax: 07-288 1693

Kuching

Suite 9 & 10, 3rd Floor, Yung Kong Abell Lot 365 Abell Road 93100 Kuching, Sarawak Tel: 082-572 228

Tel: 082-572 228 Fax: 082-572 229

Kuantan

Ground Floor Shop No. B8, Jalan Tun Ismail 1 25000 Kuantan, Pahang

Tel: 09-514 3688 Fax: 09-514 3838

lpoh

No. 1, Jalan Leong Sin Nam 30300 Ipoh, Perak

Tel: 05-254 7573 / 05-254 7570

Fax: 05-254 7606

Kota Kinabalu

Level 8, Wisma Great Eastern No. 68, Jalan Gaya 88000 Kota Kinabalu, Sabah Tel: 088-203 063

Fax: 088-203 062

Damansara Uptown

44B, Jalan SS21/35 Damansara Utama 47400 Petal Saya, Selangor

Tel: 03-7710 8828 Fax: 03-7710 8830

Kota Damansara

C26-1, Dataran Sunway Jalan PJU 5/17 Kota Damansara 47810 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Tel: 03-6150 3612

Fax: 03-6150 3906

Kluang

No. 1, Aras 1, Jalan Haji Manan Pusat Perniagaan Komersial Haji Manan 86000 Kluang, Johor

Tel: 07-710 2700 Fax: 07-710 2150

1 **FUND INFORMATION**

11 **Fund Name**

Kenanga ASnitaBOND Fund (KABF or the Fund)

1.2 Fund Category / Type

Bond (Sukuk) / Income

1.3 **Investment Objective**

The Fund aims to provide capital preservation with regular income over the short to medium term period by investing in Islamic money market instruments and sukuk.

Investment Strategy 1.4

The Fund adopts an investment strategy which will provide returns comparable to that of short term Islamic money market deposits, and at the same time preserve the Fund's principal value and maintain a high degree of liquidity.

Duration 1.5

The Fund was launched on 18 March 2005 and it shall exist as long as it appears to the Manager and the Trustee that it is in the interests of the unit holders for it to continue.

1.6 **Performance Benchmark**

Maybank 12 months Islamic Fixed Deposit-i rate

1.7 **Distribution Policy**

Annually (if any).

¹ Unit Holders are to note that this is not a capital guaranteed nor protected Fund. Unit Holders' capital is neither guaranteed nor protected.

² All income distribution will be automatically reinvested into additional units.

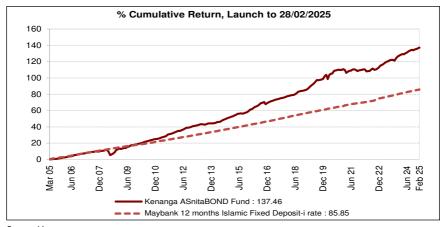
2. MANAGER'S REPORT

2.1 Explanation on whether the Fund has achieved its investment objective

The Fund has achieved its investment objective of providing capital preservation with regular income over the short to medium term period by investing in Islamic money market instruments and sukuk.

2.2 Comparison between the Fund's performance and performance of the benchmark

Performance Chart Since Launch (18/03/2005 - 28/02/2025) Kenanga ASnitaBOND Fund vs Benchmark *



Source: Lipper

*Benchmark: Maybank 12 months Islamic Fixed Deposit-i rate

2.3 Investment strategies and policies employed during the financial year under review

During the financial year under review, the Fund invested in a diversified portfolio of sukuk with emphasis placed on credit-worthy issuers of sukuk and investment-grade sukuk.

2.4 The Fund's asset allocation as at 28 February 2025 and comparison with the previous financial year

Asset	28 Feb 2025	29 Feb 2024
Unlisted corporate sukuk	62.5%	74.7%
Unlisted government sukuk	17.5%	14.4%
Unlisted quasi-government sukuk	3.4%	1.3%
Unlisted Islamic fixed return notes	1.5%	2.4%
Short term Islamic deposits and cash equivalents	15.1%	7.2%

Note: The above mentioned percentages are based on total net asset value (NAV)

2.4 The Fund's asset allocation as at 28 February 2025 and comparison with the previous financial year (contd.)

Reason for the differences in asset allocation

During the financial year under review, the Fund's exposure in short term Islamic deposits and cash increased to 15.1% due to sukuk maturities and fund inflows towards the end of February 2025.

2.5 Fund performance analysis based on NAV per unit (adjusted for income distribution; if any) since last review year

	Year under review
KABF	3.96%
Maybank 12 months Islamic Fixed Deposit-i rate	2.57%

Source: Lipper

The Fund outperformed its benchmark return for the financial year under review, mainly attributable to the strong rally in domestic sukuk market led by anticipated global monetary policy easing.

2.6 Review of the market

Market review

In March 2024, the 2Y US Treasuries (UST) yield remained steady at 4.62% as mixed economic data and elevated inflation clouded the outlook for near-term interest rate cuts. On the monetary policy front, the US Federal Reserve (Fed) kept interest rates unchanged at 5.25% to 5.50% on 20 March, as widely expected. The committee reaffirmed its projections for 75 basis points (bps) of rate cuts in 2024, but reiterated its patient approach to lowering interest rates. Despite the slightly higher domestic inflation. the Malaysian Government Securities (MGS) market remained stable in March with the 3Y and 10Y MGS closing at 3.50% and 3.86% respectively.

In April, UST weakened significantly after Fed officials indicated that it would take longer than previously anticipated for rate cuts to begin given the resilient US economy and slow inflation progress. The 2Y UST yield surged by 42bps to 5.04% while the 10Y UST yield rose 48bps to close at 4.68%. Subsequently in May, UST recovered as softer economic data and signs of weakness in the US labour market reignited expectations for the Fed to cut interest rates. UST continued to rally in June as further easing of US inflation bolstered rate cut expectations, despite a strong rebound in the US job market and hawkish signals from the Fed. On 13 June, the Fed kept the interest rates unchanged at 5.25% to 5.50% as widely expected, but surprisingly revised its projections to signal only 25bps of rate cuts in 2024 (previous forecast: 75bps) and 100bps cut in 2025 (previous forecast: 75bps). UST pared gains towards end-June as market participants mulled the potential fiscal and inflationary implications from US presidential election. UST yields ended 2Q2024 slightly higher with the 2Y UST yield adding 13bps to 4.75%, while the 10Y UST yield rose 20bps to 4.40%.

2.6 Review of the market (contd.)

Market review (contd.)

On the local front, MGS yields inched higher in April amidst the bearish sentiment in global bond markets and the weakening ringgit. 3Y and 10Y MGS yields edged 11bps higher to 3.61% and 3.97% respectively at end-April. Nonetheless in May, the MGS market saw renewed buying interest alongside the rally in UST, driving the 3Y MGS yield 3bps lower to 3.58%, while the 10Y MGS yield closed 8bps lower at 3.89%. MGS yields continued to edge lower in June, loosely tracking UST movements. On 27 June, both S&P Global Ratings and Fitch Ratings affirmed Malaysia's sovereign credit rating at A- and BBB+ respectively, with a stable outlook. Overall for 2Q2024, MGS yields were largely steady, as the 3Y MGS yield ended the guarter at 3.52% while the 10Y MGS yield was unchanged at 3.86%.

The UST market enjoyed a strong rally in July, as softer labour market data reignited recession concerns for the US economy while US inflation posted its first decline since the pandemic in June, fanning expectations for imminent rate cuts. Although the Fed kept interest rates unchanged on 31 July, Fed Chair Jerome Powell hinted that the committee is moving closer to cutting interest rates, as inflation continues to ease towards the Fed's 2.0% target. In August, UST extended its strong rally following the release of soft labour data and dovish July Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) meeting minutes, as well as monetary policy pivot by the Fed Chairman, who further endorsed an imminent start to interest rate cuts at the Jackson Hole Symposium on 20 August. The strong rally in UST continued in September amid the Fed's move to kick-start its monetary policy easing cycle. As largely anticipated, the Fed slashed interest rates by 50bps, lowering its policy rate from 5.25% to 5.50%, to 4.75% to 5.00% during the FOMC meeting on 17-18 September. Fed Chair Jerome Powell signaled that it is now appropriate for the Fed to recalibrate its policy stance, underlining the committee's concerns over a softer labour market. The UST yield curve bull steepened in 3Q2024, with the 2Y yield tumbling by 111bps quarter-on-quarter (QoQ) to 3.64% while the 10Y yield plunged by 62bps QoQ to 3.78%.

Similarly, MGS yields tumbled in July as trade volume surged on strong buying interest from both local and foreign investors. In tandem, the ringgit rose against the US dollar to its strongest level since August 2023 as foreign investors increased exposure to Malaysian government bonds to a record high in July. On monetary policy, Bank Negara Malaysia (BNM) kept the Overnight Policy Rate (OPR) unchanged at 3.00% on 11 July given the upbeat outlook for domestic growth. MGS ended mixed in August, with shorter tenures registering some gains while the longer ends were softer amidst the strongerthan-expected Gross Domestic Product (GDP) growth of 5.9% year-on-year (YoY) in 2Q2024 (1Q2024: 4.2% YoY). In September, the MGS market was largely rangebound as investors await the Budget 2025 announcement in mid-October. BNM kept the OPR unchanged at 3.00% for the eighth consecutive meeting on 5 September, amid the stable domestic growth and inflation outlook. MGS yields ended 3Q2024 generally lower, with the 3Y MGS yield falling by 19bps QoQ to 3.33% while the 10Y MGS yield shed 15bps QoQ to 3.71%.

UST reversed gains in October with both 2Y and 10Y UST vields surging above 4.0% as markets dialed back expected rate cuts due to hotter-than-expected inflation. The UST sell-off intensified amidst the uncertainty surrounding the US presidential election and fiscal deficit concerns. As widely expected on 7 November, the Fed lowered interest rates by 25bps to 4.50% to 4.75%. Meanwhile, US headline inflation rose to 2.6% YoY in October (September: 2.4%), driving the 10Y UST yield 17bps higher to 4.45%, before easing back to 4.17% at end-November. UST remained weak in December as the Fed's third consecutive rate cut, lowering interest rates by 25bps to 4.25% to 4.50%.

2.6 Review of the market (contd.)

Market review (contd.)

Concurrently, the Fed signalled fewer rate cuts for 2025, i.e., 50bps instead of the 100bps projected earlier, citing caution over the inflation outlook. In response, UST yields rose as investors recalibrated their expectations for the year ahead. On a QoQ basis, the UST yield curve steepened as the 2Y UST yield added 60bps to 4.24%, while the 10Y UST yield climbed 79bps higher to end the year at 4.57%.

Locally, MGS yields trended higher in October as the bearish sentiment in UST spilled over into the local bond market. The MGS market was mildly softer in early November, in line with UST movements, before the higher yields attracted steady buying interest. BNM also announced the cancellation of the 3Y government bond auction scheduled for December, implying a much lower net supply of government bonds for the year, thus further supporting prices. In December, the MGS market was relatively subdued, as trade volume moderated towards year-end. Overall, the 3Y and 10Y MGS yields climbed 15bps and 11bps QoQ in 4Q2024 to 3.48% and 3.82% respectively.

UST started the new year on a positive note amidst mixed US economic data, as well as looming uncertainties over the US growth and inflation outlook following the inauguration of President Donald Trump on 20 January 2025. The Fed kept interest rates unchanged at 4.25% to 4.50% on 30 January as widely expected, turning slightly hawkish amidst uncertainties stemming from elevated inflation and new US economic policies. Consequently, the 2Y and 10Y UST yields fell by 4bps and 3bps to 4.20% and 4.54% respectively in January 2025. UST rallied in February on growing rate cut expectations, on the back of US trade policy uncertainty and mixed economic data. Furthermore, the plunge in US consumer confidence also fanned expectations for additional rate cuts by the Fed, driving UST yields lower across the board. Consequently, the UST yield curve shifted 20-30bps lower in February, with the 2Y and 10Y UST yields ending the month at 3.99% and 4.21% respectively.

On the local front, the MGS traded in a tight range in January 2025, BNM maintained the OPR at 3.00% for the tenth consecutive meeting on 22 January, in line with market expectations. On 24 January, Moody's Ratings affirmed Malaysia's sovereign credit rating at A3 with a stable outlook. Overall, the 3Y and 10Y MGS yields ended the month 2bps lower at 3.46% and 3.80% respectively. The MGS market was relatively stable as trading volume picked up in February. Notably, healthy profit-taking activities were met by strong reinvestment demand, supporting yields throughout the month. The 3Y and 10Y MGS yields closed the month well supported at 3.44% and 3.79% respectively.

Market outlook

The flurry of US tariff announcements has injected fresh uncertainty into global financial markets. Investors remain cautious over escalating trade tensions that may put additional pressure on prices and consumer sentiment. In 4Q2024, the US economy grew at a slower pace of 2.3% QoQ (3Q2024: 3.1%), bringing FY2024 growth to 2.8%. Nonetheless. Fed officials continue to signal that the central bank is in no hurry to adjust its monetary policy, pending further clarity on the US economic outlook. Meanwhile, given the heightened uncertainties, UST yields could remain volatile over the near term, as investors react to policy announcements and incoming economic data.

2.6 Review of the market (contd.)

Market outlook (contd.)

Locally, the Malaysian economy expanded at a solid pace of 5.0% YoY in 4Q2024, surpassing consensus estimates of 4.8%, bringing FY2024 growth to 5.1%. For FY2025, growth is projected at 4.5% to 5.5%, anchored by resilient domestic spending. Inflation should remain manageable between 2.0% to 3.5% (2024: 1.8%), subject to global developments and spillover effects from announced policy measures e.g., retargeting of subsidies and minimum wage revision. Over the near term, BNM is expected to keep the OPR unchanged at 3.00% to support the economy amid external headwinds to growth. Prospects for the local bond market remain favourable, given the stable interest rate outlook, ample market liquidity and steady demand from long term fixed income investors.

2.7 Distributions

For the financial year under review, the Fund did not declare any income distributions.

2.8 Details of any unit split exercise

The Fund did not carry out any unit split exercise during the financial year under review.

2.9 Significant changes in the state of affairs of the Fund during the financial year

There were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Fund during the financial year under review and up until the date of the Manager's report, not otherwise disclosed in the financial statements.

2.10 Circumstances that materially affect any interests of the unit holders

There were no circumstances that materially affected any interests of the unit holders during the financial year under review.

2.11 Rebates and soft commissions

It is the policy of the Manager to credit any rebates received into the account of the Fund. Any soft commissions received by the Manager on behalf of the Fund are in the form of research and advisory services that assist in the decision making process relating to the investment of the Fund which are of demonstrable benefit to unit holders of the Fund. Any dealing with the broker or dealer is executed on terms which are the most favourable for the Fund. As the Fund is solely invested in sukuk and Islamic money market instruments, the Manager did not receive any rebates or soft commissions from its stockbrokers during the financial year under review.

2.12 Cross-trade

During the financial year under review, cross-trade transactions were undertaken by the Manager for the best interest of the Fund in accordance to the relevant internal and regulatory requirements. Cross-trades can only be undertaken upon verification by Compliance based on the following conditions:

- (a) permitted by authorised personnel;
- (b) the sale and purchase decisions are in the best interest of clients, unit holders and the Fund as a whole;
- reason(s) for such transactions are documented prior to the execution of the (c) trades;
- (d) transactions are executed through a dealer or a financial institution on an arm's length and at fair value basis; and
- (e) cross-trade transactions are disclosed to both clients and unit holders accordingly.

2.13 Securities financing transactions

Securities financing transactions are transactions consisting of securities financing or repurchase. During the financial year under review, the Fund had not undertaken any securities financing transactions.

3. FUND PERFORMANCE

- 3.1 Details of portfolio composition of the Fund for the last three financial years/period as at 28 February/31 December are as follows:
 - a. Distribution among industry sectors and category of Shariah-compliant investments:

	FY 2025	FP 29.2.2024	FY 2022
	%	%	%
Unlisted corporate sukuk	62.5	74.7	82.9
Unlisted government sukuk	17.5	14.4	5.7
Unlisted quasi-government sukuk	3.4	1.3	-
Unlisted Islamic fixed return notes	1.5	2.4	3.1
Short term Islamic deposits and cash equivalents	15.1	7.2	8.3
	100.0	100.0	100.0

Note. The above mentioned percentages are based on total net asset value (NAV)

b. Distribution among markets

The Fund invests in local unlisted sukuk, unlisted Islamic fixed return notes, and short term Islamic deposits and cash equivalents only.

3.2 Performance details of the Fund for the last three financial years/period ended 28 February/31 December are as follows:

	FY 2025	Period from 1.1.2023 to 29.2.2024	FY 2022
Net asset value ("NAV") (RM Million)	677.65	426.06	328.59
Units in circulation (Million)	984.30	643.28	531.80
NAV per unit (RM)	0.6885	0.6623	0.6179
Highest NAV per unit (RM)	0.6885	0.6566	0.6179
Lowest NAV per unit (RM)	0.6624	0.6179	0.5999
Total return (%)	3.95	7.19	1.61
- Capital growth (%)	3.95	7.19	1.61
- Income growth (%)	-	-	-
Gross distribution per unit (sen)	-	-	-
Net distribution per unit (sen)	-	-	-
Total expense ratio ("TER") (%)1	1.08	1.08	1.09
Portfolio turnover ratio ("PTR") (times) ²	0.42	0.45	0.29

Note: Total return is the actual return of the Fund for the respective financial years/ period, computed based on NAV per unit and net of all fees.

TER is computed based on the total fees and recovered expenses incurred by the Fund divided by the average fund size calculated on a daily basis. PTR is computed based on the average of the total acquisitions and total disposals of Shariah-compliant investments of the Fund divided by the average fund size, calculated on a daily basis.

Above NAV and NAV per unit are not shown as ex-distribution as there were no distribution declared by the Fund in the financial years/period under review.

^{1.} TER remained unchanged for the financial year under review as compared against the previous financial period.

² PTR is lower against previous financial period mainly due to the increase in average fund size during the financial year under review.

3.3 Average total return of the Fund

	1 Year 29 Feb 24 - 28 Feb 25	3 Years 28 Feb 22 - 28 Feb 25	5 Years 29 Feb 20 - 28 Feb 25
KABF	3.96%	4.01%	3.07%
Maybank 12 months Islamic Fixed Deposit-i rate	2.57%	2.63%	2.35%

Source: Lipper

3.4 Annual total return of the Fund

	Year under		Financial P	eriod/Years	
	review 29 Feb 24 - 28 Feb 25		31 Dec 21 - 31 Dec 22	31 Dec 20 - 31 Dec 21	31 Dec 19 - 31 Dec 20
KABF	3.96%	7.19%	1.61%	-0.18%	5.67%
Maybank 12 months Islamic Fixed Deposit-i rate	2.57%	3.50%	2.24%	1.85%	2.21%

Source: Lipper

Investors are reminded that past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance. Unit prices and investment returns may fluctuate.

KENANGA ASNITABOND FUND

Audited Financial Statements Together with Trustee's Report, Shariah Adviser's Report, Independent Auditors' Report and Statement by the Manager

28 February 2025

KENANGA ASNITABOND FUND

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TRUSTEE'S REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS OF KENANGA ASNITABOND FUND ("FUND")

We have acted as Trustee of the Fund for the financial year ended 28 February 2025 and we hereby confirm to the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, Kenanga Investors Berhad has operated and managed the Fund during the year covered by these financial statements in accordance with the following:

- Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the management company under the deed, securities laws and the Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds:
- 2. Valuation and pricing is carried out in accordance with the deed; and
- 3. Any creation and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the deed and any regulatory requirement.

For and on behalf of CIMB Islamic Trustee Berhad

Tok Puan Datin Ezreen Eliza binti Zulkiplee Chief Executive Officer

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

28 April 2025

SHARIAH ADVISER'S REPORT FOR ISLAMIC UNIT TRUST FUND TO THE UNIT HOLDERS OF KENANGA ASNITABOND FUND (Fund).

We hereby confirm the following:

- To the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, Kenanga Investors Berhad has operated and managed the Fund during the year covered by these financial statements in accordance with the Shariah principles and requirements and complied with the applicable guidelines, rulings or decisions issued by the Securities Commission Malaysia pertaining to Shariah matters; and
- The assets of the Fund comprise instruments that have been classified as Shariahcompliant.

For and on behalf of the Shariah Adviser, BIMB Securities Sdn Bhd

MUHAMMAD SHAHIER BIN SA'MIN Designed Shariah Person

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia 28 April 2025

Independent auditors' report to the unit holders of Kenanga ASnitaBOND Fund

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Kenanga ASnitaBOND (the "Fund"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 28 February 2025, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in net asset value and statement of cash flows of the Fund for the financial year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information, as set out on pages 8 to 47.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 28 February 2025, and of its financial performance and cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with MFRS Accounting Standards and IFRS Accounting Standards.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence and other ethical responsibilities

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Manager of the Fund (the "Manager") is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report of the Fund, but does not include the financial statements of the Fund and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Fund does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Independent auditors' report to the unit holders of Kenanga ASnitaBOND Fund (contd.)

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon (contd.)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Fund, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Fund or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Manager and the Trustee for the financial statements

The Manager is responsible for the preparation of financial statements of the Fund that give a true and fair view in accordance with MFRS Accounting Standards and IFRS Accounting Standards. The Manager is also responsible for such internal control as the Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Fund that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Fund, the Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do SO.

The Trustee is responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process. The Trustee is also responsible for ensuring that the Manager maintains proper accounting and other records as are necessary to enable true and fair presentation of these financial statements.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Fund as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Independent auditors' report to the unit holders of Kenanga ASnitaBOND Fund (contd.)

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (contd.)

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Fund, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Manager.
- · Conclude on the appropriateness of the Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Fund or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Fund, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Fund represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Independent auditors' report to the unit holders of Kenanga ASnitaBOND Fund (contd.)

Other matters

This report is made solely to the unit holders of the Fund, as a body, in accordance with the Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds issued by the Securities Commission Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

Ernst & Young PLT 202006000003 (LLP0022760-LCA) & AF 0039 Chartered Accountants

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia 28 April 2025

Ahmad Siddiq Bin Ahmad Hasbullah No. 03675/07/2026 J Chartered Accountant

STATEMENT BY THE MANAGER

I, Datuk Wira Ismitz Matthew De Alwis, being a director of Kenanga Investors Berhad, do hereby state that, in the opinion of the Manager, the accompanying statement of financial position as at 28 February 2025 and the related statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in net asset value and statement of cash flows for the financial year ended 28 February 2025 together with notes thereto, are drawn up in accordance with MFRS Accounting Standards and IFRS Accounting Standards so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of **Kenanga ASnitaBOND** Fund as at 28 February 2025 and of its financial performance and cash flows for the financial year then ended and comply with the requirements of the Deed.

For and on behalf of the Manager **KENANGA INVESTORS BERHAD**

DATUK WIRA ISMITZ MATTHEW DE ALWIS

Executive Director/Chief Executive Officer

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

28 April 2025

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2025

	Note	1.3.2024 to 28.2.2025 RM	1.1.2023 to 29.2.2024 RM
INVESTMENT INCOME			
Profit income Net gain from Shariah-compliant investments: - Financial assets at fair value through profit or		23,264,511	19,611,442
loss ("FVTPL") Other income	4	3,206,342	9,816,748 11,865
	-	26,470,853	29,440,055
EXPENSES			
Manager's fee Trustee's fee Auditors' remuneration Tax agent's fee Administration expenses Brokerage and other transaction costs Allowance for expected credit loss ("ECL") on other receivables	5 6 9(b)	5,328,081 373,895 16,500 8,100 41,591 - 27,375 5,795,542	4,188,501 293,195 17,000 3,100 21,325 100,000
NET INCOME BEFORE TAX		20,675,311	24,816,934
Income tax	7 _		
NET INCOME AFTER TAX, REPRESENTING TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR/PERIOD	· -	20,675,311	24,816,934
Net income after tax is made up as follows: Realised gain Unrealised gain	4 _	17,654,853 3,020,458 20,675,311	14,249,982 10,566,952 24,816,934

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION **AS AT 28 FEBRUARY 2025**

	Note	28.2.2025 RM	29.2.2024 RM
ASSETS			
INVESTMENTS			
Financial assets at FVTPL Short term Islamic deposits	4 8	575,344,814 96,564,000 671,908,814	395,551,816 42,376,000 437,927,816
OTHER ASSETS			
Amount due from Manager Other receivables Cash at bank	9	5,583,339 256,994 10,022 5,850,355	4,330,264 3,425 10,625 4,344,314
TOTAL ASSETS		677,759,169	442,272,130
LIABILITIES			
Amount due to Trustee Amount due to licensed financial institution Other payables TOTAL LIABILITIES	10 11	74,228 - 32,423 106,651	47,944 16,131,104 36,584 16,215,632
EQUITY			
Unit holders' contribution Retained earnings NET ASSET VALUE ("NAV") ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNIT HOLDERS	12	618,011,374 59,641,144 677,652,518	387,090,665 38,965,833 426,056,498
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	12	677,759,169	442,272,130
NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION	12/2\	984,304,530	643,278,117
NAV PER UNIT (RM)	12(a)	0.6885	0.6623

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSET VALUE FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2025

	Note	Unit holders' contribution RM	Retained earnings RM	Total NAV RM
1.3.2023 to 28.2.2025 At beginning of the financial year Total comprehensive income Creation of units Cancellation of units At end of the financial year	12(a) 12(a)	387,090,665 - 431,487,600 (200,566,891) 618,011,374	38,965,833 20,675,311 - - 59,641,144	426,056,498 20,675,311 431,487,600 (200,566,891) 677,652,518
1.1.2023 to 29.2.2024 At beginning of the financial period Total comprehensive income Creation of units Cancellation of units At end of the financial period	12(a) 12(a)	314,439,377 - 166,670,645 (94,019,357) 387,090,665	14,148,899 24,816,934 - - 38,965,833	328,588,276 24,816,934 166,670,645 (94,019,357) 426,056,498

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2025

	1.3.2024 to 28.2.2025 RM	1.1.2023 to 29.2.2024 RM
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sale of financial assets at FVTPL Profit received Proceeds from the maturity of investments Other income received Tax agent's fee paid Auditors' remuneration paid Payment for other fees and expenses Trustee's fee paid Manager's fee paid Purchase of financial assets at FVTPL Net cash used in operating and investing activities	127,964,028 22,131,672 17,000,000 - (7,200) (13,000) (50,152) (347,611) (5,169,185) (336,829,892) (175,321,340)	119,372,229 18,376,960 - 11,865 (3,900) (10,500) (36,630) (264,048) (4,126,877) (186,555,438) (53,236,339)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(17 3,32 1,340)	(55,255,555)
Cash received from units created Cash paid on units cancelled Net cash generated from financing activities	430,075,628 (200,566,891) 229,508,737	164,358,905 (94,019,357) 70,339,548
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR/PERIOD CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR/PERIOD	54,187,397 42,386,625 96,574,022	17,103,209 25,283,416 42,386,625
Cash and cash equivalents comprise: Cash at bank Short term Islamic deposits	10,022 96,564,000 96,574,022	10,625 42,376,000 42,386,625

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2025

1. THE FUND, THE MANAGER AND THEIR PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

Kenanga ASnitaBOND Fund ("the Fund") was constituted pursuant to the executed Deed dated 3 March 2005 (collectively, together with deeds supplemental thereto, referred to as "the Deed") between Libra Invest Berhad and HSBC (Malaysia) Trustees Berhad. The Fund commenced operations on 18 March 2005 and will continue to be in operation until terminated as provided under Part 12 of the Deed, Effective 8 January 2014, HSBC (Malaysia) Trustee Berhad had retired as the Trustee of the Fund. Pursuant to Fifth Supplemental Master Deed dated 17 December 2013, CIMB Islamic Trustee Berhad resume the role as Trustee of the Fund with immediate effect.

Pursuant to the executed seventh Supplemental Deed dated 8 November 2019 between Kenanga Investors Berhad and CIMB Islamic Trustee Berhad, Kenanga Investors Berhad was appointed as the Manager of the Fund with effect from 30 November 2019.

Kenanga Investors Berhad is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Kenanga Investment Bank Berhad that is listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. All of these companies are incorporated in Malaysia.

The principal place of business of the Manager is Level 14, Kenanga Tower, 237, Jalan Tun Razak, 50400 Kuala Lumpur.

The Fund aims to provide capital preservation with regular income over the short to medium term period by investing in Islamic money market instruments and sukuk.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Chief Executive Officer of the Manager on 28 April 2025.

2. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Fund is exposed to a variety of risks including market risk (which includes interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. Whilst these are the most important types of financial risks inherent in each type of financial instruments, the Manager and the Trustee would like to highlight that this list does not purport to constitute an exhaustive list of all the risks inherent in a Shariah-compliant investment in the Fund.

The Fund has an approved set of investment guidelines and policies as well as internal controls which sets out its overall business strategies to manage these risks to optimise returns and preserve capital for the unit holders, consistent with the long term objectives of the Fund.

a. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk includes interest rate risk.

a. Market risk (contd.)

Market risk arises when the value of the Shariah-compliant investments fluctuates in response to the activities of individual companies, general market or economic conditions. It stems from the fact that there are economy-wide perils, which threaten all businesses. Hence, investors are exposed to market uncertainties. Fluctuation in the Shariah-compliant investment's price caused by uncertainties in the economic. political and social environment will affect the NAV of the Fund.

The Manager manages the risk of unfavourable changes in prices by cautious review of the Shariah-compliant investments and continuous monitoring of their performance and risk profiles.

i. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk refers to how the changes in the interest rate environment would affect the valuation of Shariah-compliant instruments. In the event of a rising interest rate environment, the performance of Shariah-compliant instruments may decrease, and vice versa. Interest rate, such as the Overnight Policy Rate set by Bank Negara Malaysia, will have an impact on the investment decisions of the Fund regardless of whether it is an Islamic unit trust fund or otherwise. It does not in any way suggest that the Fund will invest in conventional financial instruments

The Fund's exposure to the interest rate risk is mainly confined to unlisted corporate sukuk, unlisted government sukuk and unlisted quasi-government sukuk.

Interest rate risk sensitivity

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity of the Fund's income for the financial year/period to a reasonably possible change in rate of return, with all other variables held constant.

	Changes in rate Increase/(Decrease) Basis points	Effects on income for the financial year/period (Loss)/Gain RM
28.2.2025 Financial assets at FVTPL	5/(5)	(1,754,924)/1,764,469
29.2.2024 Financial assets at FVTPL	5/(5)	(1,368,982)/1,380,001

In practice, the actual trading results may differ from the sensitivity analysis above and the difference could be material.

a. Market risk (contd.)

i. Interest rate risk (contd.)

Interest rate risk exposure

The following table analyses the Fund's interest rate risk exposure. The Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities are disclosed at fair value and categorised by the earlier of contractual re-pricing or maturity dates.

4.2 3.0 Weighted average effective rate of return* Total ≅ 96,564,000 5,850,355 677,759,169 677,684,941 575,344,814 sensitive 22,126,999 74,228 Non-interest 16,276,644 5,850,355 22,052,771 Above 5 years 350,584,012 350,584,012 350,584,012 Above 1 year - 5 years 198,416,558 198,416,558 198,416,558 106,631,600 10,067,600 96,564,000 106,631,600 Up to 1 year Short term Islamic deposits Financial assets at FVTPL Other financial liabilities Other financial assets Total interest rate sensitivity gap 28.2.2025 Liabilities Assets

^{*} Calculated based on Shariah-compliant assets with exposure to interest rate movement only.

- a. Market risk (contd.)
- i. Interest rate risk (contd.)

Interest rate risk exposure (contd.)

	Up to 1 year RM	Above 1 year - 5 years RM	Above 5 years RM	Non-interest sensitive RM	e Total RM	Weighted average effective rate of return*
29.2.2024 Assets						
Financial assets at FVTPL Short term Islamic deposits	17,043,550	144,945,322	218,403,414	15,159,530	395,551,816 42.376.000	9.6
Other financial assets		•	•	4,344,314	4,344,314	
	59,419,550	144,945,322	218,403,414	19,503,844	442,272,130	
Liabilities Other financial liabilities	1	1	'	16,179,048	16,179,048	
Total interest rate sensitivity gap	59,419,550	144,945,322	218,403,414	3,324,796	426,093,082	

^{*} Calculated based on Shariah-compliant assets with exposure to interest rate movement only.

b. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss to the Fund by failing to discharge an obligation. The Manager manages the credit risk by undertaking credit evaluation to minimise such risk.

i. Credit risk exposure

As at the reporting date, the Fund's maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each class of financial asset recognised in the statement of financial position.

ii. Financial assets that are either past due or impaired

As at the reporting date, the financial assets that are overdue are presented in Note 9(b).

iii. Credit quality of financial assets

The Fund invests only in unlisted corporate sukuk, unlisted government sukuk, unlisted quasi-government sukuk and unlisted Islamic options with at least investment grade credit rating by a credit rating agency. The following table analyses the Fund's portfolio of unlisted corporate sukuk, unlisted government sukuk, unlisted quasi-government sukuk and unlisted Islamic options by rating category:

Unlisted sukuk

	Percentage			
	unlisted sukuk		Percentage of NAV	
	28.2.2025	29.2.2024	28.2.2025	29.2.2024
	%	%	%	%
Rating				
AA3/AA-	38.8	30.8	32.2	27.9
Not rated	25.1	17.4	20.9	15.7
AAA	15.0	19.7	12.5	17.8
AA2/AA	13.7	14.9	11.7	13.5
AA1/AA+	5.6	5.0	4.7	4.5
A1/A+	0.9	10.6	0.8	9.6
A3/A-	0.8	-	0.6	-
BBB+		1.6		1.4
	100.0	100.0	83.4	90.4

Unlisted Islamic options

	Percentag unlisted Islar		Percentage of NAV		
	28.2.2025 29.2.2024 %		28.2.2025 %	29.2.2024 %	
Rating Not rated	100.0	100.0	1.5	2.4	

b. Credit risk (contd.)

iii. Credit quality of financial assets (contd.)

The Fund invests in Islamic deposits with financial institutions licensed under the Islamic Financial Services Act 2013. The following table analyses the licensed financial institutions by rating category:

Short term Islamic deposits

	Percentage short term Isla		Percentage of NAV		
	28.2.2025 %	29.2.2024 %	28.2.2025 %	29.2.2024 %	
Rating P1/MARC-1	100.0	100.0	14.2	9.9	

iv. Credit risk concentration

Concentration risk is monitored and managed based on sectoral distribution. The table below analyses the Fund's portfolio of unlisted corporate sukuk, unlisted government sukuk, unlisted quasi-government sukuk and unlisted Islamic options by sectoral distribution:

Unlisted sukuk

	Percentage of total unlisted sukuk		Percentage of NAV		
	28.2.2025 29.2.2024		•	28.2.2025 29.2.2024	
	26.2.2025 %	29.2.2024 %	20.2.2025 %	29.2.2024 %	
Energy and Utilities	29.4	37.6	24.4	34.0	
Government	23.9	17.4	19.9	15.7	
Transportation and					
Storage	14.7	9.5	12.4	8.6	
Real Estate	10.7	6.9	9.0	6.2	
Consumer					
Discretionary	7.6	14.3	6.4	12.9	
Financial Services	3.6	4.5	2.9	4.1	
Basic Materials	3.5	5.1	2.9	4.6	
Industrials	2.7	1.3	2.3	1.2	
Communications					
Services	2.3	3.4	1.9	3.1	
Information					
Technology	1.6	-	1.3	-	
	100.0	100.0	83.4	90.4	

b. Credit risk (contd.)

iv. Credit risk concentration (contd.)

Unlisted Islamic options

	Percentagunlisted Isla	•	Percentage of NAV	
	28.2.2025 %	29.2.2024 %	28.2.2025 %	29.2.2024 %
Telecommunications and Media	100.0	100.0	1.5	2.4

c. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are to be settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Exposure to liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Fund could be required to pay its liabilities or cancel its units earlier than expected. The Fund is exposed to cancellation of its units on a regular basis. Units sold to unit holders by the Manager are cancellable at the unit holders' option based on the Fund's NAV per unit at the time of cancellation calculated in accordance with the Deed.

The Islamic liquid assets comprise cash at bank, short term Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions and other Shariah-compliant instruments, which are capable of being converted into cash within 7 days.

2. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTD.)

c. Liquidity risk (contd.)

The following table analyses the maturity profile of the Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities in order to provide a complete view of the Fund's contractual commitments and liquidity.

	Note	No maturity RM	Up to 1 year RM	Above 1 year - 5 years RM	Above 5 years RM	Total RIM
28.2.2025 Assets Financial assets at FVTPL		•	26,344,244	198,416,558	350,584,012	575,344,814
Short term Islamic deposits Cash at bank		- 10,022	96,564,000			96,564,000 10,022
Other financial assets	:	10,022	5,840,333	198,416,558	350,584,012	5,840,333 677,759,169
Liabilities Other financial liabilities	≔	1	74,228	1	ı	74,228
Equity	≔	1	677,652,518	1	1	677,652,518
Liquidity gap		10,022	(548,978,169)	198,416,558	350,584,012	32,423

c. Liquidity risk (contd.)

	Note	No maturity RM	Up to 1 year RM	Above 1 year - 5 years RM	Above 5 years RM	Total RM
29.2.2024						
Assets				7	000	T 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
Financial assets at FVIPL		•	32,203,080	144,945,322	218,403,414	395,551,816
Short term Islamic deposits		1	42,376,000	1	1	42,376,000
Cash at bank		10,625	•	1	1	10,625
Other financial assets		1	4,333,689	1	1	4,333,689
	:	10,625	78,912,769	144,945,322	218,403,414	442,272,130
Liabilities						
Other financial liabilities	≔	1	16,179,048	1	1	16,179,048
Equity	i≡	1	426,056,498	1	1	426,056,498
Liquidity gap	•	10,625	(363,322,777)	144,945,322	218,403,414	36,584

2. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTD.)

c. Liquidity risk (contd.)

Financial assets

Analysis of financial assets at FVTPL into maturity groupings is based on the expected date on which these assets will be realised. For other financial assets, the analysis into maturity groupings is based on the remaining period from the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date or if earlier, the expected date on which the assets will be realised. The unlisted Islamic options are also expected to be realised within a year.

ii. Financial liabilities

The maturity grouping is based on the remaining period from the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date or if earlier, the date on which liabilities will be settled. When the counterparty has a choice of when the amount is paid, the liability is allocated to the earliest period in which the Fund can be required to pay.

iii. Equity

As the unit holders can request for redemption of their units, they have been categorised as having a maturity of "up to 1 year". As a result, it appears that the Fund has a liquidity gap within "up to 1 year". However, the Fund believes that it would be able to liquidate its Shariah-compliant investments should the need arises to satisfy all the redemption requirements.

d. Regulatory reportings

It is the Manager's responsibility to ensure full compliance of all requirements under the Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds issued by the Securities Commission Malaysia. Any breach of any such requirement has been reported in the mandatory reporting to the Securities Commission Malaysia on a monthly basis.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

a. Basis of accounting

The financial statements of the Fund have been prepared in accordance with MFRS Accounting Standards ("MFRS") as issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB") and IFRS Accounting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except as disclosed in the accounting policies below.

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year except for the adoption of the amended MFRS, which became effective for the Fund on 1 March 2024.

a. Basis of accounting (contd.)

Amendments to MFRS 16: Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback Amendments to MFRS 101: Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current Amendments to MFRS 101: Non-current Liabilities with	Description	Effective for financial periods beginning on or after
Amendments to MFRS 101: Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current Amendments to MFRS 101: Non-current Liabilities with	•	1.lanuary 2024
Amendments to MFRS 101: Non-current Liabilities with	Amendments to MFRS 101: Classification of Liabilities as	,
		1 January 2024
	Arrangements	1 January 2024

The adoption of the amended MFRS did not have any material impact on the financial position or performance of the Fund.

b. Standards and amendments to standards issued but not yet effective

As at the reporting date, the following standards and amendments to standards that have been issued by MASB will be effective for the Fund in future financial periods. The Fund intends to adopt the relevant standards and amendments to standards when they become effective.

Description	Effective for financial periods beginning on or after
Amendments to MFRS 121: Lack of Exchangeability Amendments that are part of Annual Improvements—Volume	1 January 2025
11: Amendments to MFRS 1, 7, 9, 10 and 107 Amendments to MFRS 9 and MFRS 7: Amendments to the	1 January 2026
Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments Amendments to MFRS 9 and MFRS 7: Contracts Referencing	1 January 2026
Nature-dependent Electricity	1 January 2026
MFRS 18: Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements	1 January 2027
MFRS 19 Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures	1 January 2027
Withdrawal of MFRS 101: Presentation of Financial Statements	1 January 2027
Amendments to MFRS 10 and MFRS 128: Sale or Contribution	
of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	To be announced by MASB

These pronouncements are not expected to have any material impact to the financial statements of the Fund upon their initial application.

c. Financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instruments.

i. Initial recognition

The classification of financial instruments at initial recognition depends on their contractual terms and the business model for managing the instruments, as described in Notes 3(c)(ii) and (iii).

ii. Measurement categories of financial assets and liabilities

The Fund classifies all of its financial assets based on the business model for managing the assets and the asset's contractual terms, measured at either:

- Amortised cost:
- Fair value through other comprehensive income; and
- Fair value through profit or loss.

The Fund may designate financial instruments at FVTPL, if so doing eliminates or significantly reduces measurement or recognition inconsistencies.

Financial assets are initially measured at their fair values plus, except in the case of financial assets recorded at FVTPL, transaction costs.

The Fund's other financial assets include cash at banks, short term Islamic deposits, trade receivables and other receivables.

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability. Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities at EVTPL or other financial liabilities.

The Fund's other financial liabilities include trade payables and other payables.

Other financial liabilities are recognised and initially measured at fair values, net of directly attributable transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective profit rate ("EPR"). Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised, and through the amortisation process.

c. Financial instruments (contd.)

iii. Due from banks, short term Islamic deposits, trade receivables and other receivables at amortised cost (contd.)

The Fund only measures the cash at banks, short term Islamic deposits, trade receivables and other receivables at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows: and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit ("SPPP") on the principal amount outstanding.

The details of these conditions are outlined below.

Business model assessment

The Fund determines its business model at the level that best reflects how it manages groups of financial assets to achieve its business objective.

The Fund's business model is not assessed on an instrument-by-instrument basis, but at a higher level of aggregated portfolios and is based on observable factors such as:

- How the performance of the business model and the financial assets held within that business model are evaluated and reported to the entity's key management personnel;
- The risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and, in particular, the way those risks are managed:
- How the managers of the business are compensated (for example, whether the compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or on the contractual cash flows collected); and
- The expected frequency, value and timing of sales are also important aspects of the Fund's assessment.

The business model assessment is based on reasonably expected scenarios without taking 'worst case' or 'stress case' scenarios into account. If cash flows after initial recognition are realised in a way that is different from the Fund's original expectations, the Fund does not change the classification of the remaining financial assets held in that business model but incorporates such information when assessing newly originated or newly purchased financial assets going forward, unless it has been determined that there has been a change in the original business model.

c. Financial instruments (contd.)

iii. Due from banks, short term Islamic deposits, trade receivables and other receivables at amortised cost (contd.)

The SPPP test

As a second step of its classification process, the Fund assesses the contractual terms of financial assets to identify whether they meet the SPPP test.

'Principal' for the purpose of this test is defined as the fair value of the financial asset at initial recognition and may change over the life of the financial asset (for example, if there are payments of principal or amortisation/accretion of the premium/discount).

The most significant elements of profit within a financing arrangement are typically the consideration for the time value of money and credit risk. To make the SPPP assessment, the Fund applies judgement and considers relevant factors such as the currency in which the financial asset is denominated, and the period for which the profit rate is set.

In contrast, contractual terms that introduce a more than de minimis exposure to risks or volatility in the contractual cash flows that are unrelated to a basic financing arrangement do not give rise to contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit on the amount outstanding. In such cases, the financial asset is required to be measured at FVTPL.

iv. Financial investments

Financial assets in this category are those that are managed in a fair value business model, or that have been designated by management upon initial recognition, or are mandatorily required to be measured at fair value under MFRS 9. This category includes debt instruments whose cash flow characteristics fail the SPPP criterion or are not held within a business model whose objective is either to collect contractual cash flows, or to both collect contractual cash flows and sell. For the purpose of the investment made by the Fund, debt instruments refer to sukuk.

d. Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset have expired. The Fund also derecognises the financial asset if it has both transferred the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition.

d. Derecognition of financial assets (contd.)

The Fund has transferred the financial asset if, and only if, either:

- The Fund has transferred its contractual rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset: or
- It retains the rights to the cash flows but has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'passthrough' arrangement.

Pass-through arrangements are transactions whereby the Fund retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of a financial asset (the 'original asset'), but assumes a contractual obligation to pay those cash flows to one or more entities (the 'eventual recipients'), when all of the following three conditions are met:

- The Fund has no obligation to pay amounts to the eventual recipients unless it has collected equivalent amounts from the original asset, excluding short-term advances with the right to full recovery of the amount financed plus accrued profit at market rates;
- The Fund cannot sell or pledge the original asset other than as security to the eventual recipients: and
- The Fund has to remit any cash flows it collects on behalf of the eventual recipients without material delay. In addition, the Fund is not entitled to reinvest such cash flows, except for investments in cash or cash equivalents including profit earned, during the period between the collection date and the date of required remittance to the eventual recipients.

A transfer only qualifies for derecognition if either:

- The Fund has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset; or
- The Fund has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset but has transferred control of the asset.

The Fund considers control to be transferred if, and only if, the transferee has the practical ability to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party and is able to exercise that ability unilaterally and without imposing additional restrictions on the transfer.

When the Fund has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards and has retained control of the asset, the asset continues to be recognised only to the extent of the Fund's continuing involvement, in which case, the Fund also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Fund has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration the Fund could be required to pay.

d. Derecognition of financial assets (contd.)

If continuing involvement takes the form of a written or purchased option (or both) on the transferred asset, the continuing involvement is measured at the value the Fund would be required to pay upon repurchase. In the case of a written put option on an asset that is measured at fair value, the extent of the entity's continuing involvement is limited to the lower of the fair value of the transferred asset and the option exercise price.

e. Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis and to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

f. Impairment of financial assets

i. Overview of the expected credit loss ("ECL") principles

The Fund measures its receivables impairment using the forward-looking ECL approach in accordance with the requirements of MFRS 9. The key elements of the ECL calculations are the probability of default ("PD"), exposure at default and loss given default ("LGD"). The Manager considers both historical analysis and forward-looking information in determining the allowance for ECL.

ii. Write-offs

Financial assets are written off either partially or in their entirety only when the Fund has stopped pursuing the recovery. If the amount to be written off is greater than the accumulated loss allowance, the difference is first treated as an addition to the allowance that is then applied against the gross carrying amount. Any subsequent recoveries are credited to credit loss expense.

q. Income

Income is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Fund and the income can be reliably measured. Income is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable.

Profit income, which includes the accretion of discount and amortisation of premium on sukuk, is recognised using the effective yield method.

The realised gain or loss on sale of Shariah-compliant investments is measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the Shariah-compliant investments.

h. Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash at banks and short term Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions with maturities of three months or less, which have an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Income tax

Income tax on the profit or loss for the financial year/period comprises current tax. Current tax is the expected amount of income taxes payable in respect of the taxable profit for the financial year/period.

As no temporary differences have been identified, no deferred tax has been recognised.

Unrealised reserves

Unrealised reserves represent the net gain or loss arising from carrying Shariahcompliant investments at their fair values at reporting date. This reserve is not distributable.

k. Unit holders' contribution - NAV attributable to unit holders.

The unit holders' contribution to the Fund is classified as equity instruments.

I. Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements of the Fund are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates ("the functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is also the Fund's functional currency.

m. Distributions

Distributions are at the discretion of the Manager. A distribution to the Fund's unit holders is accounted for as a deduction from retained earnings.

n. Significant accounting judgements and estimates

In the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements and assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments may change due to circumstances beyond the Fund's control and are reflected in the assumptions if and when they occur. Items with the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements with substantial management judgement and/or estimates are collated below with respect to judgements/estimates involved.

n. Significant accounting judgements and estimates (contd.)

Where the financial instruments are not traded in an active market, fair value may be established by using a valuation technique which includes, but is not limited to, using option prices, benchmarking to recent arm's length transactions between knowledgeable willing parties, and reference to the current fair value of another instrument that is substantially the same. The Fund uses valuation techniques which involves making assumptions based on market conditions and other factors as of reporting date.

4. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL

	28.2.2025 RM	29.2.2024 RM
Financial assets held for trading, at FVTPL: Unlisted corporate sukuk	423,079,600	318,099,131
Unlisted government sukuk	118,889,322	61,382,781
Unlisted quasi-government sukuk	22,981,373	5,675,884
Unlisted Islamic options	10,394,519	10,394,020
	575,344,814	395,551,816
Net gain on financial assets at FVTPL comprised:		
Realised gain/(loss) on disposals	185,884	(750,204)
Unrealised changes in fair values	3,020,458	10,566,952
	3,206,342	9,816,748

	Quantity	Amortised cost RM	Fair value RM	Percentage of NAV %
Unlisted corporate sukuk				
Anih Berhad maturing on 27/11/2026 Pengurusan Air Selangor Sdn Bhd	6,000,000	6,267,855	6,231,763	0.9
maturing on 11/10/2033 Pengurusan Air Selangor Sdn Bhd	5,000,000	5,086,532	5,313,082	0.8
maturing on 18/09/2037	4,000,000	4,184,244	4,567,693	0.7

	Quantity	Amortised cost RM	Fair value RM	Percentage of NAV %
Unlisted corporate sukuk (contd.)				
Pengurusan Air Selangor Sdn Bhd maturing on				
19/4/2038 Pengurusan Air Selangor Sdn Bhd	2,000,000	2,056,906	2,222,741	0.3
maturing on 11/10/2038 Pengurusan Air	5,000,000	5,091,553	5,488,753	0.8
Selangor Sdn Bhd maturing on 17/4/2043 Pengurusan Air	4,500,000	4,623,449	5,137,888	0.8
Selangor Sdn Bhd maturing on 19/8/2044	5,000,000	5,005,753	5,087,103	0.7
Avaland Berhad maturing on 7/8/2029 Berapit Mobility Sdn	19,000,000	19,081,652	19,093,907	2.8
Bhd maturing on 12/11/2031 Berapit Mobility Sdn	5,000,000	5,082,829	5,114,585	0.7
Bhd maturing on 10/11/2034 Berapit Mobility Sdn	5,000,000	5,089,652	5,127,925	0.8
Bhd maturing on 12/11/2035 Berapit Mobility Sdn Bhd maturing on	5,000,000	5,091,896	5,131,471	0.8
12/11/2036 Berapit Mobility Sdn Bhd maturing on	5,000,000	5,094,156	5,132,218	0.8
12/11/2037 Berapit Mobility Sdn Bhd maturing on	5,000,000	5,096,413	5,134,664	0.8
12/11/2038	5,000,000	5,090,788	5,129,661	0.8

	Quantity	Amortised cost RM	Fair value RM	Percentage of NAV %
Unlisted corporate sukuk (contd.)				
Berapit Mobility Sdn				
Bhd maturing on	F 000 000	F 000 F 40	F 400 000	0.0
11/11/2039 Berapit Mobility Sdn	5,000,000	5,092,548	5,128,308	0.8
Bhd maturing on				
12/11/2040	5,000,000	5,094,238	5,130,602	0.8
Cellco Capital Berhad	-,,	-,,	-,,	
maturing on				
31/3/2026	3,000,000	3,048,083	3,049,647	0.4
CIMB Islamic Bank				
Berhad maturing on				
27/3/2034	5,000,000	5,087,692	5,164,392	0.8
CIMB Islamic Bank				
Berhad maturing on 30/7/2035	5,000,000	5,016,168	5,066,819	0.7
Danum Capital Berhad	3,000,000	3,010,100	3,000,619	0.7
maturing on				
13/5/2027	1,000,000	1,016,712	997,081	0.1
Dynasty Harmony Sdn	, ,	,,	,,,,	
Bhd maturing on				
21/6/2030	5,000,000	5,299,639	5,283,351	0.8
Dynasty Harmony Sdn				
Bhd maturing on				
20/6/2031	5,000,000	5,348,333	5,305,733	0.8
DRB-Hicom Berhad				
maturing on 11/12/2026	15,000,000	15,180,600	15,412,609	2.3
DRB-Hicom Berhad	13,000,000	13,180,000	13,412,009	2.3
maturing on				
4/8/2028	8,000,000	8,036,539	8,255,409	1.2
Gamuda Berhad	.,,	.,,	-,,	
maturing on				
20/6/2033	5,000,000	5,042,795	5,176,195	0.8
Gamuda Land (T12)				
Sdn Bhd maturing on	= 000 05 -	= 00 1 05 -		
11/10/2028	5,000,000	5,084,986	5,159,786	0.8
Jimah East Power Sdn				
Bhd maturing on 4/12/2026	4,000,000	4,153,658	4,159,610	0.6
4/12/2020	4,000,000	4,100,008	4,159,010	0.0

	Quantity	Amortised cost RM	Fair value RM	Percentage of NAV %
Unlisted corporate sukuk (contd.)				
Keyfield International				
Berhad maturing on				
26/12/2029	10,000,000	10,113,188	10,126,185	1.5
LBS Bina Group Berhad				
maturing on				
23/1/2029	4,800,000	4,824,329	4,912,553	0.7
LBS Bina Group Berhad				
maturing on	10,000,000	10 0 47 4 41	10 166 0 41	1.5
23/1/2032 Malakoff Power Berhad	10,000,000	10,047,441	10,166,941	1.5
maturing on				
16/2/2035	5,000,000	5,007,430	5,032,030	0.7
Malayan Banking	0,000,000	0,007,400	0,002,000	0.7
Berhad maturing on				
30/1/2026	2,250,000	2,321,826	2,278,625	0.3
Malayan Banking		, ,	, ,	
Berhad maturing on				
5/8/2026	2,000,000	2,004,484	1,993,064	0.3
MMC Corporation				
Berhad maturing on				
27/4/2027	2,000,000	2,095,940	2,109,801	0.3
MMC Corporation				
Berhad maturing on	0.500.000	0.004.005	0.004.500	10
12/11/2027	8,500,000	8,901,985	9,084,532	1.3
MMC Port Holdings Sdn Bhd maturing on				
6/4/2029	5,000,000	5,091,923	5,231,973	0.8
MY E.G. Services	0,000,000	0,001,020	0,201,070	0.0
Berhad maturing on				
16/8/2027	9,000,000	9,047,727	9,052,802	1.3
OCK Group Berhad				
maturing on				
22/11/2030	9,800,000	9,985,792	10,240,217	1.5
Orkim Sdn Bhd				
maturing on				_
28/2/2030	3,000,000	3,000,355	3,000,355	0.4
Orkim Sdn Bhd				
maturing on	10 000 000	10 001 007	10 001 107	4 =
27/2/2032	10,000,000	10,001,227	10,001,127	1.5

	Quantity	Amortised cost RM	Fair value RM	Percentage of NAV %
Unlisted corporate sukuk (contd.)				
OSK Rated Bond Sdn Bhd maturing on 15/9/2033 Pengurusan Air SPV	10,000,000	10,207,493	10,575,493	1.6
Berhad maturing on 31/1/2030 Pengurusan Air SPV	5,000,000	5,016,241	5,182,391	0.8
Berhad maturing on 7/2/2034 Press Metal Aluminium	9,400,000	9,424,275	9,600,552	1.4
Holdings Berhad maturing on 16/10/2026 Press Metal Aluminium	13,000,000	13,225,066	13,294,765	2.0
Holdings Berhad maturing on 17/10/2029 Press Metal Aluminium	1,000,000	1,015,904	1,032,684	0.1
Holdings Berhad maturing on 18/9/2030 Pelabuhan Tanjung	5,000,000	5,124,365	5,225,573	0.8
Pelepas Sdn Bhd maturing on 18/6/2030 Quantum Solar Park	12,000,000	12,367,537	12,166,560	1.8
(Semenanjung) Sdn Bhd maturing on 6/4/2027 Quantum Solar Park	5,000,000	5,128,286	5,256,144	0.8
(Semenanjung) Sdn Bhd maturing on 6/4/2028 Quantum Solar Park (Semenanjung) Sdn	1,000,000	1,030,005	1,064,797	0.1
Bhd maturing on 6/4/2032	5,000,000	5,015,811	5,607,489	0.8

	Quantity	Amortised cost RM	Fair value RM	Percentage of NAV %
Unlisted corporate sukuk (contd.)				
reNIKOLA Solar II Sdn				
Bhd maturing on 29/9/2034 Sarawak Energy Berhad maturing on	4,800,000	5,203,652	5,171,587	0.8
4/7/2033	5,000,000	5,031,586	5,180,336	0.8
SIBS Sdn Bhd maturing on 26/2/2027 Sinar Kamiri Sdn Bhd maturing on	10,000,000	10,020,493	10,019,993	1.5
30/1/2026 Sinar Kamiri Sdn Bhd maturing on	10,000,000	10,089,055	10,110,822	1.5
30/1/2030 Small Medium Enterprise Development Bank Malaysia Berhad	4,000,000	4,107,773	4,172,489	0.6
maturing on 31/7/2026 Sarawak Petchem Sdn	5,000,000	5,011,041	4,959,741	0.7
Bhd maturing on 25/7/2036 Sarawak Petchem Sdn	4,800,000	4,832,167	5,440,945	0.8
Bhd maturing on 27/7/2037 Southern Power Generation Sdn Bhd	5,000,000	5,292,059	5,738,213	0.8
maturing on 29/10/2032 Tanjung Bin Power Sdn Bhd maturing on	5,000,000	5,663,396	5,494,995	0.8
16/8/2027 Tanjung Bin O&M	5,500,000	5,623,584	5,670,312	0.8
Berhad maturing on 30/6/2028	10,000,000	10,344,114	10,559,897	1.5

	Quantity	Amortised cost RM	Fair value RM	Percentage of NAV %
Unlisted corporate sukuk (contd.)				
TNB Power Generation Sdn Bhd maturing on 29/3/2038 TNB Power Generation Sdn Bhd maturing on	4,800,000	4,893,349	5,240,965	0.8
27/3/2043 UMW Holdings Berhad maturing on	4,000,000	4,080,622	4,475,103	0.7
2/10/2026 UMW Holdings Berhad maturing on	5,000,000	5,261,240	5,216,580	0.8
20/4/2028 Yinson Holdings Berhad maturing on	13,000,000	13,469,380	14,129,575	2.1
7/12/2026 Yinson Holdings Berhad maturing on	5,000,000	5,062,342	5,112,093	0.8
8/3/2029 YTL Power International Berhad	4,100,000	4,245,747	4,340,211	0.6
maturing on 3/5/2027	2,500,000	2,607,845	2,606,094	0.4
Total unlisted corporate sukuk		415,283,744	423,079,600	62.5
Unlisted government sukuk				
Government of Malaysia maturing on 30/8/2030 Government of	10,000,000	10,000,993	10,003,993	1.5
Malaysia maturing on 8/10/2031 Government of	20,000,000	20,359,647	20,354,976	3.0
Malaysia maturing on 7/10/2032	10,000,000	10,440,588	10,439,729	1.5

	Quantity	Amortised cost RM	Fair value RM	Percentage of NAV %
Unlisted government sukuk (contd.)				
Government of Malaysia maturing on 30/8/2033 Government of	10,000,000	10,545,724	10,571,252	1.6
Malaysia maturing on 30/11/2034 Government of	20,000,000	20,733,018	20,709,950	3.0
Malaysia maturing on 15/9/2039 Government of	10,000,000	10,720,692	10,762,714	1.6
Malaysia maturing on 14/8/2043 Government of	15,000,000	15,393,277	15,464,671	2.3
Malaysia maturing on 15/5/2052 Government of	8,500,000	9,882,205	10,238,048	1.5
Malaysia maturing on 23/3/2054	10,000,000	10,316,283	10,343,989	1.5
Total unlisted government sukuk		118,392,427	118,889,322	17.5
Unlisted quasi- government sukuk				
DanaInfra Nasional Berhad maturing on 16/7/2035 DanaInfra Nasional	5,000,000	5,023,929	5,077,229	0.8
Berhad maturing on 15/7/2044 DanaInfra Nasional	5,000,000	5,025,195	5,088,144	0.8
Berhad maturing on 12/2/2049 Prasarana Malaysia	5,000,000	5,592,583	5,709,634	0.8
Berhad maturing on 28/6/2039	7,000,000	7,047,496	7,106,366	1.0
Total unlisted quasi- government sukuk		22,689,203	22,981,373	3.4

Details of financial assets at FVTPL as at 28 February 2025 (contd.):

	Quantity	Amortised cost RM	Fair value RM	Percentage of NAV %
Unlisted Islamic options				
Call/Put - Seni Jaya Corporation Berhad maturing on				
6/10/2025	16,326,528	9,999,999	10,394,519	1.5
Total Unlisted Islamic options		9,999,999	10,394,519	1.5
Total financial assets at FVTPL		566,365,373	575,344,814	84.9
Unrealised gain on financial assets at FVTPL			8,979,441	

5. MANAGER'S FEE

The Manager's fee is calculated on a daily basis at a rate not exceeding 3.0% per annum of the NAV of the Fund as provided under Division 13.1 of the Deed.

The Manager is currently charging Manager's fee of 1.00% per annum of the NAV of the Fund (financial period from 1 January 2023 to 29 February 2024: 1.00% per annum).

6. TRUSTEE'S FEE

The Trustee's fee is calculated on a daily basis at a rate not exceeding 0.20% per annum of the NAV of the Fund as provided under Division 13.2 of the Deed.

The Trustee's fee is currently calculated at 0.07% per annum of the NAV of the Fund (financial period from 1 January 2023 to 29 February 2024: 0.07% per annum).

7. INCOME TAX

Income tax is calculated at the Malaysian statutory tax rate of 24% of the estimated assessable income for the current financial year and previous financial period.

Income tax is calculated on investment income less partial deduction for permitted expenses as provided for under Section 63B of the Income Tax Act, 1967.

7. INCOME TAX (CONTD.)

A reconciliation of income tax expense applicable to net income before tax at the statutory income tax rate to income tax expense at the effective income tax rate of the Fund is as follows:

	1.3.2024 to 28.2.2025 RM	1.1.2023 to 29.2.2024 RM
Net income before tax	20,675,311	24,816,934
Tax at Malaysian statutory tax rate of 24% (financial period from 1 January 2023 to 29 February 2024: 24%) Tax effect of:	4,962,075	5,956,064
Income not subject to tax Loss not deductible for tax purposes	(6,353,005)	(7,245,662) 180,049 96,167
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Restriction on tax deductible expenses for unit trust fund	99,803	1,013,382
Income tax for the financial year/period	-	-

8. SHORT TERM ISLAMIC DEPOSITS

Short term Islamic deposits are held with licensed financial institutions in Malaysia at the prevailing profit rates.

9. OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Note	28.2.2025 RM	29.2.2024 RM
Profit receivable from short term Islamic deposits Amount due from counterparty	(a)	19,649 237,345 256,994	3,425 - 3,425
a. Amount due from counterparty			
	Note	28.2.2025 RM	29.2.2024 RM
Amount due from counterparty Less: Allowance for ECL	(b)	264,720 (27,375) 237,345	- - -

Notwithstanding the outstanding amount due from counterparty that is past due and was not contractually honoured by the counterparty of the investment and the Fund is currently in the mist of negotiation with counterparty on restructuring plan.

These said amounts are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost.

9. OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTD.)

b. Allowance for ECL on other receivables

	Note	1.3.2024 to 28.2.2025 RM	1.1.2023 to 29.2.2024 RM
At beginning of the financial year/period		-	-
Recognised during the financial year/period	(a)	27,375	-
At end of the financial year/period		27,375	

Ageing analysis of other receivables

The ageing analysis of the Fund's other receivables is as follows:

	28.2.2025 RM	29.2.2024 RM
Neither past due nor impaired	19,649	3,425
Past due and impaired	264,720	-
	284,369	3,425

10. AMOUNT DUE TO LICENSED FINANCIAL INSTITUTION

Amount due to licensed financial institution relates to the amount to be received from or paid to licensed financial institution arising from the purchases of Shariah-compliant investments.

11. OTHER PAYABLES

	28.2.2025 RM	29.2.2024 RM
Accrual for auditors' remuneration Accrual for tax agent's fees	16,500 4,200	13,000 3,300
Provision for printing and other expenses	11,723 32,423	20,284 36,584

12. NET ASSET VALUE ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNIT HOLDERS

NAV attributable to unit holders is represented by:

	Note	28.2.2025 RM	29.2.2024 RM
Unit holders' contribution	(a)	618,011,374	387,090,665
Retained earnings: Realised reserves Unrealised reserves		50,661,703 8,979,441 59,641,144 677,652,518	33,006,850 5,958,983 38,965,833 426,056,498

(a) Unit holders' contribution

	1.3.2024 to No. of units	28.2.2025 RM	1.1.2023 to 2 No. of units	29.2.2024 RM
At beginning of the financial				
year/period	643,278,117	387,090,665	531,803,664	314,439,377
Add: Creation of			050440000	
units	638,232,782	431,487,600	258,146,090	166,670,645
Less: Cancellation				
of units	(297,206,369)	(200,566,891)	(146,671,637)	(94,019,357)
At end of the				
financial				
year/period	984,304,530	618,011,374	643,278,117	387,090,665

The Manager, Kenanga Investors Berhad, and other parties related to the Manager did not hold any units in the Fund, either legally or beneficially, as at 28 February 2025 (29.2.2024: nil).

13. SHARIAH INFORMATION OF THE FUND

The Shariah Adviser confirmed that the investment portfolio of the Fund is Shariahcompliant, which comprises the following:

- a. Unlisted sukuk as available at Bond Info Hub, Fully Automated System for Issuing/Tendering of Bank Negara Malaysia and the Bond and Sukuk Information Exchange;
- b. Unlisted Islamic options that has been verified as Shariah-compliant by the Shariah Adviser; and
- c. Cash placements and liquid assets in local market, which have been placed in Shariah-compliant investments and/or instruments.

14. PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR")

PTR for the financial year is 0.42 times (financial period from 1 January 2023 to 29 February 2024: 0.45 times).

PTR is the ratio of average sum of acquisitions and disposals of Shariah-compliant investments of the Fund for the financial year/period to the average NAV of the Fund. calculated on a daily basis.

15. TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO ("TER")

TER for the financial year is 1.08% per annum (financial period from 1 January 2023 to 29 February 2024: 1.08% per annum).

TER is the ratio of total fees and recovered expenses of the Fund expressed as a percentage of the Fund's average NAV, calculated on a daily basis.

16. TRANSACTIONS WITH LICENSED FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS/FUND MANAGER

	Transaction value RM	Percentage of total %
Malayan Banking Berhad	80,657,500	18.0
CIMB Islamic Bank Berhad	68,499,250	15.2
Hong Leong Bank Berhad	60,681,050	13.5
AmBank (M) Berhad	59,198,800	13.2
CIMB Bank Berhad	47,693,900	10.6
RHB Investment Bank Berhad	33,123,700	7.4
Hong Leong Investment Bank Berhad	27,663,440	6.1
Kenanga Investors Berhad*	20,999,997	4.7
Kenanga Investment Bank Berhad**	16,036,900	3.6
United Overseas Bank (Malaysia) Berhad	14,250,000	3.2
Others	20,123,000	4.5
	448,927,537	100.0

^{*} Kenanga Investors Berhad is the Lead Manager of unlisted Islamic options that the Fund invested in during the financial year.

The above transactions values are in respect of unlisted corporate sukuk, unlisted government sukuk, unlisted quasi-government sukuk and unlisted Islamic options. These transactions do not involve any commission or brokerage fees.

The directors of the Manager are of the opinion that the transactions with the related party have been entered into in the normal course of business and have been established on terms and conditions that are not materially different from that obtainable in transactions with unrelated parties. The Manager is of the opinion that the above dealings have been transacted on an arm's length basis.

^{**} Kenanga Investment Bank Berhad is a related party of Kenanga Investors Berhad.

17. SEGMENTAL REPORTING

a. Business segments

In accordance with the objective of the Fund, the Fund can invest a minimum of 70% of its NAV in sukuk and a minimum of 2% of its NAV in Islamic liquid assets. The following table provides an analysis of the Fund's revenue, results, assets and liabilities by business segments:

	Unlisted Shariah- compliant investments RM	Other Shariah- compliant investments RM	Total RM
1.3.2024 to 28.2.2025 Revenue Segment income Unallocated expenditures Income before tax Income tax Net income after tax	24,560,652	1,910,201	26,470,853 (5,795,542) 20,675,311 - 20,675,311
28.2.2025 Assets Financial assets at FVTPL Short term Islamic deposits Other segment assets Total segment assets Unallocated assets	575,344,814 - 237,345 575,582,159	96,564,000 19,649 96,583,649	672,165,808 5,593,361 677,759,169
Liabilities Unallocated liabilities			106,651
1.1.2023 to 29.2.2024 Revenue Segment income Segment expenses Net segment income representing segment	28,452,814 (100,000)	987,241	00.040.055
results Unallocated expenditures Income before tax Income tax Net income after tax	28,352,814	987,241	29,340,055 (4,523,121) 24,816,934 - 24,816,934

17. SEGMENTAL REPORTING (CONTD.)

a. Business segments (contd.)

	Unlisted Shariah- compliant investments RM	Other Shariah- compliant investments RM	Total RM
29.2.2024			
Assets Financial assets at FVTPL	395,551,816		
Short term Islamic deposits	393,331,810	42,376,000	
Other segment assets	_	3,425	
Total segment assets	395,551,816	42,379,425	437,931,241
Unallocated assets			4,340,889
			442,272,130
Liabilities			
Unallocated liabilities			16,215,632

b. Geographical segments

As all of the Fund's Shariah-compliant investments are located in Malaysia, disclosure by geographical segment is not relevant.

18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a. Classification of financial instruments

The Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities are measured on an ongoing basis at either fair value or at amortised cost based on their respective classification. The material accounting policy in Note 3 describe how the classes of financial instruments are measured, and how income and expenses, including fair value gains and losses, are recognised.

The following table analyses the financial assets and financial liabilities of the Fund in the statement of financial position by the class of financial instruments to which they are assigned and therefore by the measurement basis.

a. Classification of financial instruments (contd.)

	Financial assets at FVTPL RM	Financial assets at amortised cost RM	Other financial liabilities RM	Total RM
28.2.2025				
Assets Unlisted corporate				
sukuk	423,079,600	-	-	423,079,600
Unlisted government sukuk	118,889,322	-	-	118,889,322
Unlisted quasi- government sukuk Unlisted Islamic	22,981,373	-	-	22,981,373
options Short term Islamic	10,394,519	-	-	10,394,519
deposits Amount due from	-	96,564,000	-	96,564,000
Manager	-	5,583,339	-	5,583,339
Other receivable	-	256,994	-	256,994
Cash at bank		10,022		10,022
	575,344,814	102,414,355		677,759,169
Liabilities				
Amount due to				
Trustee			74,228	74,228
29.2.2024 Assets				
Unlisted corporate				
sukuk	318,099,131	_	_	318,099,131
Unlisted government				
sukuk	61,382,781	-	-	61,382,781
Unlisted quasi-	F 07F 00 4			E 07E 004
government sukuk Unlisted Islamic	5,675,884	-	-	5,675,884
options	10,394,020	_	_	10,394,020
Short term Islamic				, ,
deposits	-	42,376,000	-	42,376,000
Amount due from		4 000 004		4 000 004
Manager Other receivable	-	4,330,264	-	4,330,264
Cash at bank	-	3,425 10,625	-	3,425 10,625
Gasii at balik	395,551,816	46,720,314		442,272,130
	230,001,010	10,7 20,014		. 12,2,2,100

a. Classification of financial instruments (contd.)

	Financial assets at FVTPL RM	Financial assets at amortised cost RM	Other financial liabilities RM	Total RM
29.2.2024 (contd.) Liabilities				
Amount due to Trustee Amount due to licensed financial	-	-	47,944	47,944
institutions			16,131,104 16,179,048	16,131,104 16,179,048

b. Financial instruments that are carried at fair value

The Fund's financial assets at FVTPL are carried at fair value.

The following table shows the fair value measurements by level of the fair value measurement hierarchy:

	Level 1 RM	Level 2 RM	Level 3 RM	Total RM
Investments: 28.2.2025 Unlisted corporate				
sukuk Unlisted government	-	423,079,600	-	423,079,600
sukuk Unlisted quasi-	-	118,889,322	-	118,889,322
government sukuk Unlisted Islamic	-	22,981,373	-	22,981,373
options	_	-	10,394,519	10,394,519
		564,950,295	10,394,519	575,344,814
Investments: 29.2.2024 Unlisted corporate				
sukuk Unlisted government sukuk Unlisted quasi- government sukuk Unlisted Islamic options	-	318,099,131	-	318,099,131
	-	61,382,781	-	61,382,781
	-	5,675,884	-	5,675,884
		385,157,796	10,394,020	10,394,020 395,551,816
		303,137,790	10,334,020	393,331,610

b. Financial instruments that are carried at fair value (contd.)

Level 1: Listed prices in active market

Level 2: Model with all significant inputs which are observable market data

Level 3: Model with inputs not based on observable market data

The fair values of unlisted corporate sukuk, unlisted government sukuk and unlisted quasi-government sukuk are based on evaluated mid prices provided by bond pricing agency accredited by the Securities Commission of Malaysia at reporting date.

Reconciliation of fair value measurements of Level 3 financial instruments

The Fund carries unlisted Islamic options as financial assets at FVTPL classified as Level 3 within the fair value hierarchy.

The following table shows a reconciliation of all movements in the fair value of the unlisted Islamic options categorised within Level 3 between the beginning and the end of the financial year/period.

	1.3.2024 to 28.2.2025 RM	1.1.2023 to 29.2.2024 RM
At the beginning of the financial year/period	10,394,020	10,232,875
Purchase cost	9,999,999	9,999,999
Proceed from the maturity	(10,999,998)	(10,899,999)
Realised gain	1,000,000	900,000
Unrealised change in fair value	498	161,145
At the end of the financial year/period	10,394,519	10,394,020

The following table presents additional information about valuation methodology and inputs used for investments that are measured at fair value and categorised within Level 3:

	Fair value	Valuation methodology	Unobservable input
28.2.2025 Call/Put - Seni Jaya Corporation Berhad maturing on 06/10/2025	10,394,519	Discounted cash flow	Option prices
29.2.2024 Call/Put - Seni Jaya Corporation Berhad maturing on 07/10/2024	10,394,020	Discounted cash flow	Option prices

b. Financial instruments that are carried at fair value (contd.)

Reconciliation of fair value measurements of Level 3 financial instruments (contd.)

In the current and previous financial year/period, significant increases/(decreases) in the unobservable inputs would result in a significantly higher/(lower) fair value measurement.

c. Financial instruments not carried at fair value and for which their carrying amounts are reasonable approximations of fair value

The carrying amounts of the Fund's other financial assets and financial liabilities are not carried at fair value but approximate fair values due to the relatively short term maturity of these financial instruments.

19. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The capital of the Fund can vary depending on the demand for creation and cancellation of units to the Fund.

The Fund's objectives for managing capital are:

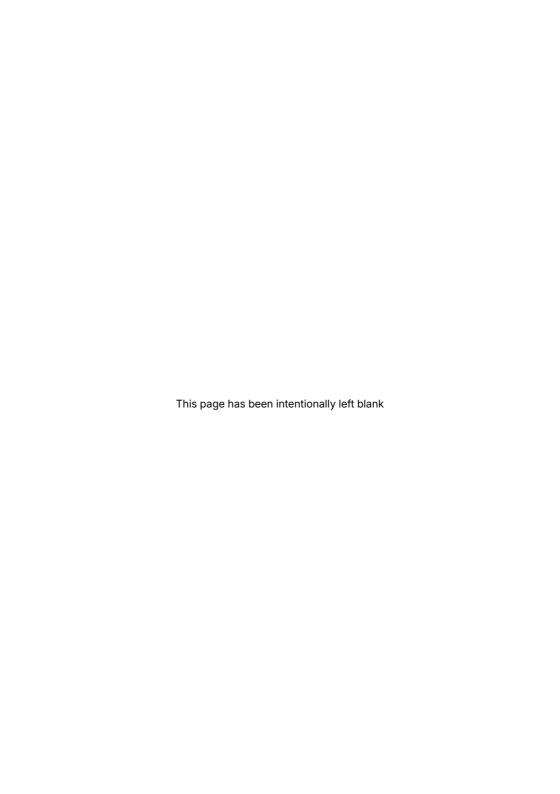
- a. To invest in Shariah-compliant investments meeting the description, risk exposure and expected return indicated in its prospectus:
- b. To maintain sufficient liquidity to meet the expenses of the Fund, and to meet cancellation requests as they arise; and
- c. To maintain sufficient fund size to make the operations of the Fund cost-efficient.

No changes were made to the capital management objectives, policies or processes during the current financial year and previous financial period.

20. COMPARATIVES

Pursuant to the executed Fourth Supplemental Master Prospectus dated 2 October 2023, the Manager had changed the Fund's financial year end from 31 December to 28 February.

The comparatives for the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in net asset value and statement of cash flows as well as the comparatives in notes to the financial statements are presented for the financial year ended 28 February 2025 and hence, are not comparative to that of the previous financial period from 1 January 2023 to 29 February 2024.



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